SINGLE-USE HALF MASK



23385 FFP3 NR D

3D FLAT FOLD MASK















General Description / Materials

Outer layer	SMS polypropylene		
Filter media	Melt-Blown electrostatic polypropylene		
Inner layer	Soft polypropylene (SMS)		
Adjustable tightening elastic	Latex free synthetic rubber		
Nose cushion/ Face seal	Face seal Polyethylene foam		
Nose clip	Reinforced polyethylene		
Weight	18g		

Packaging





240 pieces in 1 carton

SINGLE-USE HALF MASK



Standards

This mask is in conformity with the model of individual safety equipment which correspond to

The CE Type-examination certificate 593787

Delivered by BSI (notified body n° 0086)

C E EN 149:2001+A1:2009

General Norms & Explanation



Disposable Half Mask Category

Category	Protection Limits	Protection Against Aerosols	Protection	Area of use
FFP1	4 X WEL	80% of the aerosols filtered	Protections against non-toxic solid and liquid aerosols. Protect typically against calcium carbonate, china clay, cement, cellulose, sulphur, cotton, flour, carbon, ferrous metals, vegetable oils.	Textile industry, craft industry, metallurgical industry, mining industry, underground civil engineering, woodwork (strong woods excepted).
FFP2	10 X WEL	94% of the aerosols filtered	Protections against low toxic solid and liquid aerosols. Protect, for example, against calcium carbonate, china clay, cement, cellulose, sulphur, cotton, flour, carbon, ferrous metals, hardwood, glass fibres, plastic, vegetable and mineral oils, quartz, copper, aluminium, bacteria, fungi and mycobacterium tuberculosis (TB), chromium, manganese, nickel, platinum, strychnine, metal dust and smoke, viruses and enzymes.	Textile industry, craft industry, metallurgical industry, mining industry, underground civil engineering, woodwork, welding, melting, metal cutting, hospitals, laboratories, medical controls.
FFP3	50 X WEL	99% of the aerosols filtered	Protections against toxic solid and liquid aerosols. Protect, for example, against calcium carbonate, china clay, cement, cellulose, sulfur, cotton, flour, carbon, ferrous metal, hardwood, glass fibres, plastic, vegetable oils and mineral oils, quartz, copper, aluminium, bacteria, fungi and mycobacterium tuberculosis, chromium, manganese, nickel, platinum, strychnine, metal dust and smoke, viruses and enzymes.	industry, mining industry, underground civil engineering, woodwork, welding, melting, metal cutting out, hospitals, laboratories, medical controls, pharmaceutical industry, toxic waste treatment, batteries making (Ni-Cad).